Semi-Weekly Globe.

WM. LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor.
A. TYHURST, Associate Editor.

TERMS.—"The Globe" is published twice a week at $1.50 a year—75 cents for six months—50 cents for three months—in advance.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Tuesday afternoon, Dec. 17, 1861.

Our Flag Forever.

NOTICE.

We have not the time nor the inclination, to dun personally, a large number of persons who have unsettled accounts upon our books of several years standing. We shall, therefore, from day to day, without respect to persons, place into the hands of a Justice for collection, all accounts of over two years standing. All those who wish to save expense, will do well to give us a call *immediately*.

NEW TERMS.

All Orphans' Court printing, including Administrator's and Executor's Notices, all Auditor's Notices, occasional advertisements, &c., must hereafter be paid for in advance.

Executors and Administrators owing us at present, will please come forward and settle.

Southern Sympathy.

We have often thought it something singular that poor white laboring men in the North, as well as in the South, should favor the dissolution of this Union and the destruction of this Government. They know not what they mean. If this Union is dissolved and this Government destroyed, then farewell to poor ambition. Two thirds of the poor miserable creatures who are now in armed rebellion against the government, never read for themselves, or, perhaps, cannot read, and are guided solely by the men they call their leaders, who tell and make them believe any and everything that may suit their purpose, and without ever stopping a moment to consider what they are about to do, plunge head-long into whatever scheme their masters may have concocted for them to execute. The South is and has been already ruled by an oligarchy, only under another name, and what will it be if they succeed in accomplishing the overthrow of the government? We are of those who believe that God, the creator, will enlighten the minds of those who are now being blindly led on by an ambitious few, before it is forever and eternally too late to retrace their misguided steps!

European News.

By the last arrival from Europe, we have what some people would call alarming news, but we must confess we do not look at it in that way. To become involved in a war with England at this time, would be deplorable, no doubt, but we think it would have a salutory effect before ended, and teach England a never-to-be-forgotten lesson. There are thousands in the rebel ranks who will never submit to England's coming over here to help their traitor masters in erecting a monarchy, because their hearts are not in the cause in which they are fighting, and they would rise in their might and assert their rights, and thus wrest from an internal foe and a foreign invader, the very power which they thought they were going to possess so easily. Again, in case England should declare war against the North, to make a long story short, we are abundantly able to whip her and the South together, and we will do it. England deserves a severe reprimand at the hands of this country, and if she does not keep herself mighty quiet, she will be very likely to get it. If we *must* have a war with England, let it come *now*.

☞ The slavery question is again most prominent in Congress. It is to be hoped that members will first attend to the wants of the Government, and when they are properly cared for it will be time enough to talk about slavery. We want no hand in the abolition of slavery—but when the Union men of the South desire to have it abolished, we of the free States need not be consulted, nor can we offer any reasonable opposition. The *Union* men of the South have their rights under the Constitution, and they should be consulted before any action is taken to abolish slavery.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.—A regular meeting of the Huntingdon county Teachers' Institute will be held in Huntingdon, on Tuesday 26th inst., to continue in session for two days or longer if desirable.

By order of the Board of Managers.
H. McKIBBIN, Chairman.

BOOKS, &C., FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—The place to get Holiday Presents for old and young is, at Lewis' Book Store.—He is receiving a handsome stock for Christmas and New Year's.

GOD'S VENGEANCE.—THE CITY OF CHARLESTON DESTROYED BY FIRE.—The entire business portion of the city of Charleston, South Carolina, is now in ashes. Who can doubt that the wickedness of the rebels has brought upon that city the destruction of so great an amount of valuable property. We give the latest news in another column.

The New York *Herald* of Saturday, in commenting upon the late fire at Charleston, truly says:

It is worthy of remark that Institute Hall, where the Democratic Convention was held, which split the party, and split the nation; the theatre, to which the Secessionists retired to hold a separate convention; St. Andrew's Hall, where the Mozart faction figured; the Charleston Hotel, and the Mill's House, where the warring factions respectively held their headquarters; Hibernian Hall, where the secession ordinance was passed; the cannon and ammunition foundries, the treason shops of the *Mercury* and *Courier*, and the headquarters of Gov. Pickens, have been all laid in ashes. Does it not look like a retribution of Providence, and an omen and a type of the future destruction of the rebellion?

The latest news gives 7 public buildings destroyed, 13 Banks and Savings Institutions, 3 of the largest hotels, 2 newspaper offices, and upwards of a hundred of the principal mercantile houses—and the fire was still raging.

MEMORIA IN ÆTERNA.—Capt. James D. Campbell, and the members of his Company of Standing-Stone Guards No. 2, now in active service along the Potomac, have had a beautiful tombstone erected over the remains of their late comrade-in-arms, Jos. H. Thompson, who was in the three months volunteer service, bearing the following inscription:

IN MEMORY OF
ONE OF OUR COMPANION IN ARMS—
JOSEPH H. THOMPSON,
OF THE
STANDING-STONE GUARDS—
A BRAVE SOLDIER—A NOBLE MAN—
WHO DIED AUG. 31, 1861,
AGED 36 YEARS 1 MONTH AND 7 DAYS.

Weep not for me, I cannot live,
Death comes when none can tell.
Dear ones, Christ will his favor give.
Trust him, then all is well.

☞ A fine Oil Painting will be disposed of by Mr. Joseph Rosenthal.—Tickets can be had for a few days by calling at Lewis' Book Store, or on Mr. Rosenthal at his Fine Art Gallery, a few doors west of the Post Office.

WALL PAPER.—A handsome stock of next year's styles has been received at Lewis' Book Store, direct from the manufactory in New York.

SHORT LOCALS.—The question now asked by everybody is, "Have you a turkey?" Echo answers back to us—turkey.——The young folks have had a high old time skating over on the pond, for a few days past. Skating is a healthy exercise, as well as glorious fun. "Would that we were a boy again."——"Christmas is coming," and the little ones are hunting up all the spare pennies, with which to buy "goodies" for that day. The shop windows are already freighted with all sorts of candy toys.——Knitting for the army is now the most fashionable amusement of the ladies in these parts.——Bogus bills of the denomination of $2, purporting to be issued by the Farmers' Bank of Schuykill county, are in circulation. On the lower right corner is a medallion of Washington, and on the left end, a female figure in a standing position. Quite a number of these bills are in circulation in this place. They are exceedingly well executed and are apt to deceive. Our merchants and business men generally, should keep a sharp look-out for them.——A. W. Benedict, Esq., lectured before the Shaksperean Club, on Saturday evening, on "Man—His Individuality." The lecture was one of the best efforts of the gentleman we ever heard, and by it he has added new laurels to his well-known reputation as a writer and a speaker. In our humble opinion, it was the best thing we ever heard on the subject, and had we room in our columns, we would request it for publication. Why is it that these literary feasts are not better attended by our citizens?——Our friends, who use gas-meters, will do well to have them filled with alcohol; otherwise the cold weather will soon close them up.——An exchange makes the following very truthful observation: "We don't want money desperately bad, but our creditors do, and no doubt they owe you. If you pay us, we'll pay them, and they'll pay you." A good idea; and we hope all of *our debtors will take the hint*.——Balmoral boots, (as well as balmoral skirty-coats,) with thick, heavy soles, are now "the style" for the ladies. Thank Heaven! Fashion is right for once.——John Win, a private in Capt. Hocker's company, 39th Regiment, P. V., enlisted at Kittaning, Armstrong county, died on the 14th inst., of typhoid fever, at David Miller's lock-house above town. Deceased was traveling towards home and stopped at Mr. Miller's to rest over night. In the morning he was too sick to leave the house. Dr. Snare attended deceased during his sickness of two weeks, and the family of Mr. Miller also gave him the best attention. The corpse was interred in our cemetery on Saturday evening.——We are informed that our fellow townsman, Major Thomas P. Campbell, has been appointed Consul to Brazil. He will be stationed at Para, about 80 miles from the mouth of the Amazon. We are not advised as to when he leaves for his new field of labor. Few men, if any, are more competent to fill the position with credit to himself and his country than Major Campbell.——A correspondent writing from this place to the Shirleysburg *Herald*, says that the County Treasurer told him a few days ago, that he had then paid for the benefit of the families of soldiers $3,400.——The Hollidaysburg *Standard*, of last week, says that Mrs. Beamer, of Duncansville, whilst passing through the streets of Hollidaysburg, on Monday evening, was hit on the ankle with a 'shinny stick' and so severely injured that she was unable to walk, and had to be assisted to her carriage. Let the boys of this place, who are in the habit of playing "shinny" on our streets, make a note of this, and be careful how they throw their sticks about.——An exchange says an advertisement in a newspaper is like a circle in the water, continually spreading itself.—Throw in your rocks and try it.——A regular meeting of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society, will be held in the Court House, in this place, on Tuesday evening of the first week of January court.——A Teachers' Institute will meet in this place on the 26th inst.——Col. W. W. Brown, of the Centre *Democrat*, has raised a company of sharp-shooters, and intends going into camp on the 19th inst. He wants about thirty more men yet to fill up the ranks of his company to 101. We wish him success.——We hear it stated that the soldier, whom we noticed a week or two ago, as being beaten so badly by a black man on Tow Hill, has since died of the wounds received.——We are informed that Col. Murray's and Col. Lewis' regiments will pass through this place, on their way west, some day this week.——We had the pleasure of taking our young friend, Capt. George McCabe, of the "Lawrence Rifles," now stationed at Point of Rocks, by the hand, on Sunday last. He is home on a short furlough. The Captain is one of the best men in the war from this county—he is persevering, energetic, bold, daring, and cares for neither man, beast or devil. He looks well, feels well, and is getting along finely.

To the People of Huntingdon and Neighboring Townships.

The "Soldier's Aid Society," purpose packing a box on Friday, December 20th, for our sick and suffering soldiers in hospitals and camps, in and around Louisville, Kentucky. Through a lady residing there, we have learned that they have now 2,000 sick to be provided for, beside the care of many of their wives, who have come to nurse them. The majority of the wealthy families are rebels, so that it falls very heavily upon the Union residents of moderate means, who have nobly given up everything, time, money, and clothing, to alleviate the miseries of these brave fellows. If any are disposed to give for this purpose, their contributions can be sent to Mrs. E. Orbison's before Friday, or brought to Mrs. W. P. Orbison's on Thursday afternoon, the 19th, where the next meeting of the society will be held. Every article should be marked with the contents, donor's name, and residence, as instances are given, in which men have been wonderfully cheered and strengthened by finding upon their bedding or clothing, the evidence that they are remembered, and one case is particularly mentioned of a Vermonter, who was made a well man by finding his *wife's* name on a comfortable that fell to his lot. From a lady who visited ninety-two regiments of the Potomac army on behalf of the "Ladies' Aid" of Philadelphia, distributing with her own hands, clothing and eatables, we learn that "Concentrated Chicken" has contributed to the recovery of many typhoid patients, who were apparently beyond medical aid, and that quantities of it should be put up at once and forwarded to the hospitals. For the benefit of those who wish to make it, we give her directions. Prepare the chicken as for stewing, put it into *cold* water, just enough to keep from burning, and boil until the flesh can be stripped from the bones; to the flesh and same water, add salt and a little pepper, but *no butter* and let it simmer slowly for a long time, or until reduced as much as possible; seal it up hot, in cans. Mutton and beef can be prepared in the same way, and if persons do not find it convenient to do it, if they will bring to us the raw beef or mutton, and chickens prepared for cooking, we will attend to having it done. If the chickens are picked dry, the feathers can be used for pillows, as the same lady found the men lying on their knapsacks, and they were so grateful when their heads were lifted, and pillows substituted. For the benefit of other societies we will mention that she states that the long night shirts, and loose hospital drawers are considered nuisances by the men, (except when wounded in the leg,) and that comfortable dressing gowns may be made of *dark* canton flannel with the woolly side in, and without lining. The society would be thankful for contributions of old muslin and linen, scraps of canton and woolen flannel for gun cleaners, pocket handkerchiefs, if only made of soft muslin or gingham, as *thousands* are needed, castile soap, towels, sponges, dried herbs of every kind, books and magazines, tea, crackers, letter paper, envelopes, pens, pencils, light cakes, or rusks split and toasted, dried fruit, especially apples, sheets, blankets, comfortables, butter, stockings, neck comforts, mittens, farina, gloves, cocoa, pins, tape, needles, thread, &c., &c.

Huntingdon, Dec. 16th, 1861.

A Word to Teachers.

The object of this communication is to call the attention of teachers and educationists to a meeting published in another column, of the Huntingdon county Teachers' Institute, on the 26th inst. The holiday vacation is perhaps the most favorable time for a meeting of this character, in as much as it will afford an opportunity of attending the Institute without any loss of time, the schools generally not being in session at that time, and so far as teachers have been consulted on the subject, the arrangement appears to be satisfactory. Teachers' Institutes have here-to-fore exerted a beneficial influence in the cause of improvement in the teaching profession, and in fitting them for the successful practice of that profession, cannot be denied, and while it is not to be denied that much has already been effected through this instrumentality, yet equally true is it that much yet remains to be accomplished. The Institute undoubtedly presents to the teacher the most favorable as well as the most profitable means of improvement affording as it does to the more experienced an opportunity for the exchange of ideas, based on the observation and experience of the past presenting to those who are less favorably situated a convenient opportunity of receiving information and instruction.

The exercises consist of discussions on the different subjects connected with general education, confined more particularly, however, to the common branches of usually taught in the common schools, and the best method of imparting instruction in the same, together with evening lectures, essays, &c. It is hoped that all will come prepared to participate to some extent in the exercises, thereby rendering them profitable and interesting. The attendance at the County Institute last year was not so full as might have been expected, or as could have been desired in order to maintain the reputation hitherto sustained by the county of Huntingdon county, that of energy, zeal and fidelity, circumstances however, which have to a great extent interfered with every department of business and all the duties of life, have not, operated to some extent to render the meeting in some instances a failure, but while it is true that existing national troubles have a great measure absorbed every interest, yet it should be remembered that there are grave duties pending our attention, which must be overlooked inasmuch as they are intimately connected not only with the welfare and interests of society with the advancement and unity of those institutions which prize so highly, and which since safety has been threatened, we learned to love so well. Let every teacher therefore, who is anxious to be a greater proficiency in the practical part, and advancement in his or her calling, and who can conveniently so be found in attendance, as well all others who may feel interested a subject of so much importance to themselves, to society, and to our common country.

J. McDIVITT,
County Sup't.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—Gen. Franklin was yesterday furnished with a copy of the order for the execution of Wm. H. John private in the Lincoln Cavalry, according to report, his offence was desertion. Supposing himself to be in the presence of a party of the enemy, he passed joy that he had made his escape. The officer in command the a private conversation with him he freely and anxiously gave information of the Federal army would have been of great importance to the rebels. His revelation cost him was arrested, and much to his surprise, on discovering his mistake was taken back to his own camp a prisoner.

The execution took place this afternoon in the presence of about 7,000 soldiers belonging to Gen. Franklin's division. A detachment of twelve men were detailed for the purpose, eight of them first fired when Wilson fell on his coffin, but not being extinct, the other four were fired with the required effect, his is the first execution in the army of the Potomac.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—An important decision has just been made by the Secretary of War and the Paymaster General. The decision is, in effect, that a soldier is entitled to pay from the day he lists, and that he is not to wait until a company is full or the formal muster of the regiment into the United States service.

The previous practice—that of considering pay due from the date of the mustering in the full company—has deprived soldiers of a considerable amount of money and has retarded enlistment.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The exciting and sensational character of the foreign news, by the Europa, causes little or no excitement here to-day. There is a general disposition among diplomatic and official circles, to await the accounts of their state of facts in Great Britain.

HOUSE, Dec. 16.—Mr. Vallandigham offered a resolution endorsing the seizure of Messrs. Slidell and Mason, and favoring their detention as prisoners in the face of a demand made by the British Government.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs—yeas, 109, nays, 16. This is regarded as a significant vote.

(For the Globe.)

Ode to Juniata.

"Blue Juni'
Stream of classic lays—
Where the stately shadow
On thy side plays;

Where the plays lithesome,
On thy silver shore;
And the lasses blithesome
From the more.

The robin in concert,
And the lovely turtle dove—
And the drone of the pheasant
In the shady grove.

"Blue Juni'
Though o'er it is now
Where the light Alv'retta
Sped her canoe.

L. A.

WAR NEWS.

BRILLIANT VICTORY IN WESTERN VIRGINIA.

Two Thousand Rebels Defeated by Seven Hundred and Fifty Federals.

Rebel Loss Two Hundred; Federal Loss Thirty.

A GEORGIA GENERAL BADLY WOUNDED.

THE REBELS BURN THEIR BARRACKS & RETREAT TO STAUNTON.

IMPORTANT NEWS FROM THE SOUTH.

Incendiaries at Work in Charleston.

A Great Conflagration Raging.

Union Victory in Western Virginia.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 14.—A special despatch from Cheat Mountain to the *Commercial*, says that yesterday one of the hardest and best fought battles of the war was fought at Alleghony Camp, Pocahontas county, Western Virginia, General R. H. Milroy commanding the Union troops, and Gen. Johnson of Georgia, commanding the rebels.

The fight lasted from daylight till 3 o'clock P. M. The Union loss is about thirty, and the rebel loss over two hundred, including a Major and many other officers. Thirty prisoners were captured.

Gen. Johnson, of Georgia, was shot in the mouth, but not fatally injured. The Twelfth Georgia regiment suffered most severely.

Gen. Milroy's force numbered 750 men, from the Ninth and Thirteenth Indiana, the Twenty-fifth and Thirty-second Ohio, and the Second Virginia Regiments.

Gen. Johnson's forces numbered over 2,000.

The Ninth Indiana fought bravely to the last, after driving the enemy into their barracks no less than five times. Our forces retired in good order.

The rebels set fire to their barracks and retired to Staunton.

Gen. Milroy has thus driven the last of the rebel army out of Western Virginia.

Great Conflagration at Charleston S. C.

FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 13.—A telegraphic despatch to the Norfolk *Day Book*, of to-day, from Charleston, S. C., states that a fire broke out in that place, on Wednesday night, which was supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, and at the date of the last despatch, 5 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, the conflagration was still raging.

The Round Church, the Theatre on Broad street, the Institute and other public buildings are stated to have been destroyed. The fire had swept across Broad street. Assistance was sent for to Augusta.

Further Particulars.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 14.—Passengers by the Old Point boat bring many additional reports in relation to the Charleston fire. It is said to have originated in a mill on Broad street. The Mill's House (the well-known principal hotel) and the Roman Catholic Cathedral are also said to be destroyed.

No Norfolk papers have been received here and the only account of the despatch published by the *Day Book*, is contained in our letter from Fortress Monroe. There were reports of negro insurrections current among the passengers, but it is impossible to say whether they are well founded or not.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 14.—Another report of the fire says it broke out at a sash factory.

Engines had been sent from Savannah, Columbia and Augusta, but they arrived too late to stay the conflagration.

Another Account.

The *Inquirer*, has the following:

BALTIMORE, Dec. 14.—Despatches from Fortress Monroe state that passengers by the flag of truce boat from Norfolk, bring accounts of a negro insurrection at Charleston, and that half the city is in ashes. The Richmond *Examiner* states that a large portion of Charleston is in ashes.

There is no news from Port Royal. All is quiet in that quarter.

The Conflagration at Chaleston.

LATER INTELLIGENCE.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 15.—We learn from the Captain of the Norfolk boat that he was informed by the Captain of the steamer Illinois from Port Royal, that he passed within 6 miles of Charleston harbor at ten o'clock on Thursday night, and that a tremendous conflagration was evidently at its highest in that city. The reflection on the clouds exceeded anything he ever saw, and the whole bay, with the dark outlines of Fort Sumter, was brightly illuminated. It did not appear like reflection from smouldering ruins, but from an uncontrollable conflagration. This is later than the Norfolk *Day Book* despatch.

Interesting Report of Union Refugees.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 13.—The *Commercial* says: We had yesterday a very interesting interview with two Union refugees from Louisiana, who had succeeded in making their way from New Orleans to Nashville, and through the rebel lines to the Ohio. They confirm the report of the utter stagnation of business in New Orleans, the constant apprehension of attack, and the scarcity of nearly all the necessaries of life. All the men between eighteen and forty-five are being impressed into the service.

Memphis is strongly fortified on the river side. There were two gunboats at the landing; a regiment of infantry and a few companies of artillery comprised all the troops at that point.

The refugees arrived at Nashville on the 6th. The city was in a high state of excitement on that day, and on the following an attempt was made to draft the citizens into the army. The indignation of the people was intense. A riot broke out in the Fourth ward. Four policemen, who attempted to quell the riot, were shot dead. The mob rushed to the Capitol to attack Gov. Harris, who fled to Memphis. The papers the next day announced that he had gone thither on business.

Last Saturday, 2,500 men from Louisiana passed through Nashville for Bowling Green, carrying black flags embellished with a skull and cross bones. They were mostly sixty day men, armed entirely with shot guns. The people at Nashville are constantly expecting a battle at Bowling Green. The forces at that point are estimated by the papers and well-informed people at 25,000, and reinforcements are constantly going forward.

The hospitals at Nashville are filled with the sick; the number being estimated at from 8,000 to 10,000 (?) The inmates complained of the lack of attention, and that they were suffering for want of food.

The prevailing diseases were pneumonia and small-pox. The troops from Texas, Louisiana, and Mississippi suffered most. Almost all the Texas rangers are on the sick list, and in a pitiable condition. The deaths were frequent, and supplied the draymen of the city with their principal business.

On Saturday, a train of six cars, filled with sick, came in from Bowling Green.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

THE ENGLISH LION RAMPANT.

The Government Demands the Release of Mason and Slidell.

The Washington Cabinet Threatened with the Presence of a British Fleet in the Potomac.

ARMS AND MUNITIONS OF WAR FOR CANADA.

THE EXPORT OF GUNPOWDER, NITRE, SALTPETRE, &C., PROHIBITED.

HALIFAX, Dec. 15.—The royal mail steamer Europa has arrived at this point with highly important intelligence.

She was detained at Queenstown till the 2nd, by order of the government.

She has the Queen's messenger on board with despatches for Lord Lyons.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The *Observer* stated that the Government has demanded from President Lincoln and his Cabinet the restoration of the persons of the southern envoys to the British Government.

Yesterday afternoon, after 5 o'clock p. m., her Majesty held a private council at Windsor Castle. Three of her Ministers, including the first Lord of the Admiralty and the Secretaries of State and War travelled from London to Windsor by special train to be present. Previous to leaving town the three ministers had attended a Cabinet council at Lord Palmerston's official residence.

The *Observer* also says that a special messenger of the foreign office has been ordered to carry to Washington the demands of the British Government for Lord Lyons and will proceed to day by packet from Queenstown. The public will be satisfied to know that these demands are for an apology and to insist on the restitution to the protection to the British flag the persons of those who were violently and illegally torn from that sacred asylum.

The *Observer* adds there is no reason why they should not be restored to the quarter-deck of the British Admiral at New York, or Washington itself in the face of some ten or twelve men of war, whose presence in the Potomac would render the blustering Cabinet at Washington as helpless as the Trent was before the guns and cutlasses of the San Jacinto. It is no fault of ours if it should come to this.

The arrangements for increasing the force in Canada are not yet complete, but in a very few hours everything will be settled. In the meantime a large ship, the Melbourne, has been taken up and is now being loaded with Armstrong guns, some 80,000 Enfield rifles, ammunition, and other stores at Woolwich. It is not impossible that this vessel will be escorted by one or two ships of war. The rifles are intended for the Canadian military, and a strong reinforcement of field artillery will be dispatched forthwith.

The *Times'* city article of the 30th, says the position of the Federal States of America, is almost identical in every commercial point with that which was occupied towards us by Russia before the Crimea war. Russia had a hostile tariff while we looked to her for a large portion of our general supply of breadstuffs; but there is this peculiarity in our present case, that the commencement would be by the breaking up of the blockade of the southern ports at once setting free our industry from the anxiety of the cotton famine and giving sure prosperity to Lancashire through the winter. At the same time we shall open our trade to eight millions in the Confederate States, who desire nothing better than to be our customers.

At the privy council held on Saturday an order was issued prohibiting the export from the United Kingdom, or carrying coast-wise gun-powder, saltpetre nitrac of soda and brimstone.

The *Times* has no hope that the Federal Government will comply with the demands of England.

The *Morning Star* declares that the statement of instructions having been sent to Lord Lyons to obtain the recognition of the Confederate Commissioners or to take leave of Washington, was premature and so exaggerated as to be virtually untrue. The Liverpool *Courier* believes that the Warrior has been ordered to Annapolis with the ultimatum of the government.

SECOND DESPATCH.

The steamer Jura arrived on the 29th ult.

The London *Times* in alluding to the decision of the British Cabinet, that the arrest of Mason and Slidell is a clear violation of the law of nations, believes that Lord Lyon will be instructed by the first steamer to demand reparation, and if not complied with, will be instructed to withdraw the legation from Washington.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 16.—The effect of the English news in Baltimore has been to call forth warm Union sympathy with the position of the President, whilst the accessionists are rejoicing at the prospect of securing the aid of England to overthrow the Union. Nearly all the Irish population in Baltimore have been secessionists, but they are now rallying for the Union against England.

☞ The following is from the pen of Wesley Bradshaw, Esq., and makes a fitting companion to "WASHINGTON'S VISION," which sketch, written by Mr. Bradshaw at the commencement of our National difficulties, was widely copied by the press and commended by Hon. EDWARD EVERETT as "teaching a highly important lesson to every true lover of his country."

GEN. McCLELLAN'S DREAM.

BY WESLEY BRADSHAW.

Two o'clock of the third night after Gen. McClellan's arrival in Washington to take command of the United States Army, found that justly celebrated soldier poring over several maps, reports of scouts.

As the hour came tolling through the night, together with the dull rumbling of army wagons and artillery wheels, the wearied hero, pushing from his maps and reports, leaned his forehead on his folded arms, upon the table before him, and fell into a sleep so deep that even the occasional booming of the heavy guns, being placed in position on the intrenchments, was insufficient to disturb it.

"I could not have been slumbering thus more than ten minutes," said the General, to an intimate friend, to whom he related the strange narrative, "when I thought the door of my room, which I had carefully locked, was thrown suddenly open, and some one strode to me, and, laying a hand upon my shoulder, said, in a slow, solemn voice:

"'*Gen. McClellan, do you sleep at your post? Rouse you; or ere it can be prevented, the foe will be on Washington!*'

"Never before in my life have I heard a voice possessing the commanding and even terrible tone of the one that addressed to me these fearful words. And the sensation that passed through me, as it fell upon my ears, and I coweringly shrunk into myself at the thought of my own negligence, I can only compare to the whistling shrieking sweep of a storm of grape-shot, discharged directly through my brain. I could not move, however, although I tried hardly to raise my head from the table. As a sense of my willingness, and yet helplessness to make answer to the unknown intruder oppressed me, I once more heard that same slow, solemn voice repeat:

"'*General McClellan, do you sleep at your post?*'

There was a peculiarity about it this time; it seemed as though I—a mere atom of matter—was suspended in the centre of an infinite space, and that the voice came from a hollow distance all around me. As the last word was uttered I regained, by some *felt* and yet *unknown* power, my volition, and with the change, the grape-shot discharge sensation in my brain ceased, and a strange but new one seized my heart; one as of a huge rough icicle being sawed back and forth through and through me.

"I started up, or rather I should say I thought I started up, for whether I was awake or asleep I am utterly unable to decide. My first thought was about my maps, and; before my eyelids had half opened my hand was grasping them. But this was all. The table was still before me, and the maps, all crumpled in my tightening clutch, were still before me; but everything else had disappeared. The furniture was gone, the walls of the apartment were gone, the ceiling was not to be seen. All I saw was the tableau I am about to describe to you.

"My gaze was turned Southward, and there, spread out before me, was a *living map*, that is the only expression I can think of as befitting the scene. In one grand *coup d'œil* my eye took in the whole expanse of country, as far south as the Gulf of Mexico, and from the Atlantic ocean on the east to the Mississippi river westwardly.

"Before fully fixing my attention upon the immense scene however, I thought of the mysterious visitant, whose voice I had heard but a moment previous, and I looked toward him. An apparition stood on my left, somewhat in front, at a distance of about six feet from me. I sought for his features, hoping to recognize him. But I was disappointed, for the statue-like figure was naught but a vapor, a cloud, having only the general outlines of a man.

"This troubled me, and I was turning the matter over in my mind, when the shadowy visitor, in the same slow, solemn tone as before, said:

"'*General McClellan, your time is short! Look to the Southward!*'

"I felt unable to resist this command, even had I wished to do so, and again, therefore, my eyes were cast, over the *living map*.

"Out on the Atlantic I saw the various vessels of the blockading squadron looming up with the most perfect distinctness in the bright moonshine, that illumined everything with a strong, but mellow light. I saw Charleston Harbor and its forts, with their pacing sentinels, and their sullen-looking barbette guns. My eyes followed the ocean line all the way round into the Gulf, to New Orleans, and thence up the Mississippi. Fort Pickens, and, in fact, every fortification along this water boundary, I beheld with as much distinctness, as you, sir, see that Corporal's guard passing there.

"This sight filled me with delightful surprise; but it would be utterly impossible for me to describe the ecstatic amazement that followed, as, within the limits I mention, my eyes took in, in a minute, but lightning-like detail, every mountain range, every hill, every valley, every forest, every meadow, every river, every rivulet, every city, every village, every camp, every tent, every body of men, every sentinel, every earthwork, every cannon, and, I may say, dispensing with further detail, every living and every dead thing, no matter what its height or bulk.

"My blood seemed to stop in its channels with joy, as I thought, that the knowledge, and thereby advantage, thus given to me, would insure a speedy and happy termination of the war. And this one idea was engrossing my mind, when, once more, that slow, solemn voice said:

"'*General McClellan, take your map, and note what you behold. Tarry not; your time is short.*'

"I started, and, glancing at the unearthly speaker, saw him extend his arm and point Southwardly.

Still I saw no features.

"Smoothing out the largest and most accurate one of my maps, I seized a pencil, and once more bent my gaze but over the *living map*.

1861. 1861.

CLOTHING.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

FALL AND WINTER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon. [Oct. 7, 1861.]

FRUIT TREES AND GRAPES.

The subscriber has for sale at his Nursery in East Huntingdon, a handsome assortment of choice Fruit Trees and Grapes, which he will be pleased to dispose of at reasonable prices. A. J. WHITE.

Huntingdon, Nov. 6, 1861-3w.

REMEMBER ELLSWORTH'S

FISHER & SON.

HAVE

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

NEW GOODS.

THE PUBLIC ARE INVITED TO CALL.

and

EXAMINE OUR GOODS.

FISHER & SON.

Oct. 7, 1861.

MILITARY BOOKS.

REVISED ARMY REGULATIONS.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

The book is an octavo of 560 pages, is elegantly printed on fine paper, with new bold type, and has an *admirable exhaustive index*, for which every officer will be grateful, the moment his eye rests upon it, as no former edition has ever had an index, and the want of one has been long felt in the Army.

The Appendix embraces the Articles of War, containing many important corrections; also, selections from the Military Acts of Congress, including those passed at the last session.

PRICE $2, 00. FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

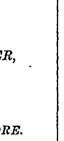
CAVALRY TACTICS,

[*AUTHORIZED EDITION.*]

By Major William Gilham, U. S. A,

Just published and for sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE.—Complete in one volume. Price $1.00.

UNITED STATES INFANTRY TACTICS.



For the instruction, exercise, and manœuvres of the United States Infantry, including Infantry of the Line, Light Infantry, and Rifleman, prepared under the direction of the War Department, and authorized and adopted by the Secretary of War, May 1st, 1861; constituting the school of the soldier; the school of the company; instruction for skirmishers, and the general calls; the calls for skirmishers, and the school of the battalion; including the articles of war and a dictionary of military terms.

Complete in one volume. Price $1.25. For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

ALSO,

THE HANDY BOOK

FOR THE

UNITED STATES SOLDIER,

On coming into service: containing a complete system of instruction in the School of the Soldier, with a preliminary explanation of the formation of a Battalion on Parade, the Position of the officers, &c., &c., being a first book or introduction to authorized U. S. Infantry Tactics, just published. Price 25 cents. For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

AL'O,

Hardee's Rifle and Light Infantry TACTICS,

Complete in 2 vols. Price $1.50. For sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

☞ The Books sent by mail to any address on the receipt of the price.

Huntingdon May 28, 1861.

TREES, &C.,

FOR THE AUTUMN OF 1861,

AT LOW PRICES.

The subscribers invite attention to their large and well grown stock of *Fruit Trees*, consisting of apple, pear, peach, cherry, plum, apricot, quince, &c., &c. Dwarf pear, apple and cherry trees. Also, the small fruits, such as grapes, currants, gooseberries, raspberries, blackberries, and strawberries of the most desirable sorts. Also, a large stock of evergreens and shade trees.

They will sell at prices *much below usual rates*, and offer great inducements to plant largely.

TAYLOR & CREMER.

Huntingdon, Oct. 17, 1861.

NEW NATIONAL LOAN.

Seven and Three-Tenths Per Cent.

TREASURY NOTES,

NOW READY FOR DELIVERY AT THE OFFICE

OF

JAY COOKE & CO.,

BANKERS,

No. 114 South Third Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

Pursuant to instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, the Subscription Book to the NEW NATIONAL LOAN of Treasury Notes, bearing interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum, will remain open at my office,

NO. 114 S. THIRD STREET,

until further notice, from 9 A. M. *till* 3 P. M., and on Mondays till 9 P. M.

Three notes will be of the denomination of FIFTY DOLLARS, ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and are all dated 18th of August, 1861, payable in gold, in three years, or convertible into a twenty years' six per cent. loan, at the option of the holder. Each Treasury Note has interest coupons attached, which can be cut off and collected in gold at the Mint every six months, and at the rate of one cent per day on each fifty dollars.

Payments of subscriptions may be made in Gold or Checks, or Notes of any of the Philadelphia Banks.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE can remit by their friends, through the mail, or by express, or through Banks, and the Treasury Notes will be immediately delivered, or sent to each subscriber as they may severally direct.

Parties remitting must add the interest from 19th of August, the date of all the notes, to the day the remittance reaches Philadelphia, at the rate of one cent per day on each fifty dollars.

Apply to or address

JAY COOKE, SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,

Care of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers,

No. 114 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

Oct. 7, 1861.

A BATTLE FOUGHT!!!

AND

A BRILLIANT VICTORY WON.

ADJUTANT GEN. LEWIS:

After a severe engagement which lasted for nearly four days, I have at last routed the enemy and captured a large number of Guns, Revolvers, Bowie Knives, and a great quantity of camp equipage, and other valuable articles which I immediately shipped by railroad from the field of action, and now announce

HIGH PRICES DEFEATED.

On opening and examining the valuables captured, they were found to comprise such an endless variety of Hardware and Cutlery of every kind, that I can supply the people of all ages and classes; even from a toy for an infant, to a supporting cane for the feeble old man. Boys or girls, Ladies or Ladies, Soldiers or Citizens, Housekeepers or Boarders, Farmers or Mechanics, Lawyers or Doctors, anybody and everybody may be furnished with a useful memento of this eventful battle by calling at the Hardware Store of

JAS. A. BROWN.

Huntingdon, Oct. 1, 1861.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A NEW ARRIVAL.

GEORGE SHAFFER

Has just received a new stock of Boots & Shoes, which he will be pleased to have examined by the public generally. His assortment consists of Boots and Shoes of all kinds for Gentlemen and Ladies, made in the best manner.

He also continues to manufacture to order all kinds of Boots and Shoes, and returns thanks for the patronage he has heretofore received, and hopes to merit a continuance of the same.

His shop is in the Diamond, one door east of Strous' Store, where the public will please call.

Huntingdon, Oct. 1, 1861-4t.

A beautiful lot of Shaker Bonnets for sale cheap, at D. P. GWIN'S.

THE WAR GOES ON!

AND

D. P. GWIN

HAS JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

NEW GOODS

FOR

FALL AND WINTER.

CALL AND EXAMINE THEM.

Oct. 3, 1861.

CLOTHE YOURSELVES!

HIGH PRICES DEFEATED!

Now is the Time to buy Cheap Clothing!

MANUAL GUTMAN,

Respectfully inform the public generally that he has just received a large and well selected stock of fashionable

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

to which he asks the attention of all who are in want of a neat and comfortable Coat, a Vest or a pair of Pants.—His stock will bear examination, and he respectfully requests all to call and see for themselves.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.

A good assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.,

will also be found on hand. All of which will be sold as low, if not lower, than the same quality of goods can be had in the county.

Call at the corner of the Diamond, Long's new building.

M. GUTMAN.

Huntingdon, Sept. 19, 1861.

"THE UNION,"

Arch Street, Above Third, Philada.

UPTON S. NEWCOMER, Proprietor.

☞ This Hotel is central, convenient by Passenger Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the business public.

☞ Terms, $1.50 per day. ☜

Sept. 19, 1861.-1y.

FANCY FURS, FANCY FURS.

JOHN FARRERA,

718 ARCH Street, between 7th and 8th Sts.,

(*Late of 918 Market St.,*)

Philadelphia.

Importer & Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of FANCY FURS, for Ladies' Misses' and Children's Wear.

Having now manufactured and in store my usual large and beautiful assortment of the various styles and qualities of FURS, adapted to the coming Fall and Winter Season, I would respectively invite an examination of my stock and prices from those intending to purchase, as I am enabled to offer them very desirable inducements.

All my Furs have been prepared for cash, and made by experienced and competent hands, and as the present monetary troubles render it necessary that I should dispose of my goods at very low advances for cash.

I am satisfied that it will be to the interests of those who design purchasing, to give me a call.

☞ Recollect, the right hand, second street: John Farrera, (New Fur Store,) 718 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE.

1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

This Institute conducted for two years past, in this city, by MADAME CHEGARAY, and her niece MADAME DUBUISSON, upon the same principles as the one in New York, established there in the year 1834, will re-open on Monday, Sept. 16th, with its usual ample and complete provision for the education of Young Ladies, under the direction of Madame D'Hervilly. Circulars, and all requisite information, can be obtained on application to the Principal.

August 13, 1861.-3m.

FOR EVERYBODY.

TRY THE NEW STORE,

On Hill Street opposite Curmont's Store.

THE BEST

SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE.
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR.
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,

and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store

ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,
Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine,
Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,

and a large number of articles too numerous to mention

The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.

S. S. SMITH.

Huntingdon, May 25, 1858.

THE NEW STORE

AND

NEW GOODS.

WALLACE & CLEMENT,

Have just received another stock of new goods, such as DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, &C., in the store room at the south-east corner of the Diamond in the borough of Huntingdon.

Their Stock has been carefully selected, and will be sold low for *cash or country produce.*

Huntingdon, April 25, 1861.

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,

A LARGE STOCK

AND

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

Window Curtain Papers,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

H. T. WHITE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Jan. 2, 1861-tf.

UNION ENVELOPES AND PAPER

FOR SALE AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

YOU will find the Largest and Best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods at D. P. GWIN'S.

THE best display and largest variety of all kinds of Goods, can always be found at the cheap store of FISHER & SON

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at D. P. GWIN'S.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

SALT! SALT!! SALT!!!

Just received from the Onondago Salt Company, Syracuse, N. Y., to be sold on commission, either wholesale or retail, 200 BARRELS and 1000 SACKS of SALT.

Oct. 31, 1860. FISHER & SON.

BLANK BOOKS,

OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

NEW AIR LINE ROUTE TO NEW YORK.

SHORTEST IN DISTANCE AND QUICKEST IN TIME

BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES OF NEW YORK AND HARRISBURG! VIA READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON.

MORNING EXPRESS, West, leaves New York at 6 A. M. arriving at Harrisburg at 12.45 noon, only 6¼ hours between the two cities.

MAIL LINE leaves New York at 12.00 noon, and arrives at Harrisburg at 8.20 P. M.

MORNING MAIL LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg at 8.00 A M., arriving at New York at 4.30 P. M.

AFTERNOON EXPRESS LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg at 1.15 P. M., arriving at New York at 9.00 P. M.

Connections are made at Harrisburg at 1.00 P. M., with the Passenger Trains in each direction on the Pennsylvania, Cumberland Valley and Northern Central Railroad.

All trains connect at Reading with trains for Pottsville and Philadelphia, and at Allentown for Manch Chunk, Easton, &c.

No change of Passenger Cars or Baggage between New York and Harrisburg, by the 6.00 A. M. Line from New York or the the 1.15 P. M. from Harrisburg.

For beauty of scenery, add speed, comfort and accommodation, this route presents superior inducements to the traveling public.

Fare between New York and Harrisburg five dollars.—For tickets and other information apply to

J. J. CLYDE, General Agent, Harrisburg.

July 18, 1860.

STATIONERY and JEWELRY PACKAGES,

For sale to agents and dealers at very reduced rates put up in variety envelopes. For further information Address COLEMAN & CO.,

(Up-stairs) 602 Chestnut St., Phila.

June 4, 1861.

COAL OIL!! COAL OIL!!!!

James A. Brown sells the *genuine* "PORTLAND KEROSENE," or COAL OIL, *clear as water.*

This is the only kind of oil that gives *entire satisfaction* as an agent for light.

Beware of counterfeits and colored carbon oils. They emit an offensive smell and smoke.

A large variety also of

COAL OIL LAMPS,

Chimneys, Globes, Wicks, Burners, Shades, &c., &c., sold at the very lowest prices, at the Hardware Store, Huntingdon, Pa.

NEW CIGAR AND TOBACCO STORE.

J. A. HANIGAR,

A practical tobacconist, has opened a new TOBACCO STORE AND CIGAR MANUFACTORY, on Allegheny St., one door west of the Broad Top Railroad Office, where he has on hand a large assortment of prime Cigars and Tobacco, which he will sell either wholesale or retail. Storekeepers, shopkeepers, and all others who deal in the weed should call. His prices are low. Call and see.

Huntingdon, Nov. 7, 1860.

READY RECKONER.

A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added Forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables containing rate of interest from one dollar to twenty thousand, by the single day, week, month, table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1859. For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

RHEUMATISM CURED.

DR. JOHN WESTBROOK, Sr., manufactures a LINIMENT which is sure to cure Rheumatism. No cure, no pay. Persons afflicted should call and try the medicine. See it in his residence in Washington street, one door west of Levi Westbrook.

Huntingdon, March 20, 1861.

NOTICE TO ALL!!

The subscriber, who has for more than one year, carried on business in company with Messrs. F. BRADY, H. GIN, P. WINSTEAD, and Mr. Asa Bess, has this day *dissolved partnership with the above firm!* All claims against the old firm will be paid by the subscriber, and all those indebted to the firm will pay him.

CLOCKS, WATCHES

and JEWELRY will always be repaired. A good variety of Clocks, WATCHES and JEWELRY will be kept on hand for customers who may favor him with a call.

JOSEPH REIGGER.

Huntingdon, March 2, 1859.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
BILL HEADS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C.

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,

AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!!

A FRESH ARRIVAL

AT

CHRIST. LONG'S.

ALL HIS STOCK IS FRESH AND PRIME.

CALL AND SEE.

MUSIC

THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawn—The Jubilee—Hunten's and Berthi's enlarged and improved instructors—Weiland's New and Improved Method for the Guitar—Leland's Accordeon, Violin and Flute Instructors—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Thorough Bass Primer—do. Thorough-Bass Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Duetts—The Chorus Glee Book—Turn's Harp, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

SONGS AND BALLADS, &C.,

FOR EVERYBODY.

The Gentle Annie Melodist,

The Dime Melodist,

The Dime Song Book, No. 1,

The Dime Song Book, No. 2,

The Dime Song Book, No. 3,

The Dime Song Book, No. 4,

The Dime Song Book, No. 5,

The Dime Song Book, No. 6.

The Dime Letter Writer,

The Dime Dream Book,

The Dime Dialogues,

The Dime Speaker,

The Dime Cook Book,

The Dime Recipe Book.

For sale at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY AND MUSIC STORE.

ENVELOPES

Wholesale and Retail.

50.000, BEST QUALITY

WHITE, BUFF, ORANGE, YELLOW,

AND FANCY ENVELOPES,

Just received and for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16, 1855.

JACKSON HOTEL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

GRAFFIUS MILLER, *Proprietor.*

THE best Tobacco in town, at D. P. GWIN'S.

THE largest stock of De Laines in town by FISHER & SON.

WRAPPING PAPER!

A good article for sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

G. A. MILLER,

Dealer in Groceries, Confectionaries, &c., &c.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Read's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

J. S. MILLER,

Proprietor of the Exchange Hotel.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. LEWIS,

Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO.

Founders, Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,

Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN,

Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

D. P. GWIN,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

FISHER & SON, Dealers in Dry Goods, Grain, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

LEVI WESTBROOK,

Dealer in Gentlemen's, Ladies' and Misses' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Morocco Leather, etc.

JOSEPH REIGGER,

Watchmaker and dealer in Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry, &c.

WM. WILLIAMS,

Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

JOHN F. RAMEY, County Surveyor, Huntingdon, Pa. Office on Hill street, one door east of the Huntingdon Marble Yard.

REFERENCES—L. T. Watson, Philadelphia; J. P. Leslie, Geologist, Philadelphia; Charles Mackley, Rough and Ready Furnace, Hon. Jonathan M'Williams.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

Huntingdon, April 14, 1858. H. ROMAN.

STONE-WARE at S. S. Smith's Grocery, 20 per cent. cheaper than any other place in town.

JOHN SCOTT. SAMUEL T. BROWN. J. M. O. CORBIN.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.—

J. M. O. CORBIN has, from this date, become a member of the firm of

SCOTT & BROWN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON,

In which name the business will still be conducted.

Huntingdon, Jan. 2, 1860.

VIOLINS,

GUITARS,

SYMPHONIANS, ACCORDEONS AND FIFES,

For sale cheap at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1859.

POCKET TESTAMENTS,

FOR THE VOLUNTEERS,

AT REDUCED PRICES,

A LARGE STOCK ON HAND AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

BOOK BINDING.

Old Books, Magazines, or publications of any kind, bound to order, if left at

LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE! If you want your card neatly printed upon envelopes, call at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

PAPER! PAPER!!

Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at

LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

A CARD.—DR. D. S. HAYS offers his professional services to the inhabitants of Mooresville and vicinity. Office at the lower tank or Neff Mills, opposite Mrs. Myton's store.

April 18, 1860-tf.

PHOTOGRAPHY

In all its various Branches, executed in the best style known in the art, at

C. G. CRANE'S GALLERY,

632 Arch Street, East of Sixth, Philadelphia.

Life size in Oil and Pastile, Stereoscopic Portraits, Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c., for Cases, Medallions, Pins, Rings, &c. [Nov. 14, '60.-1y.

ENVELOPES—

By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

HOOP SKIRTS with from 4 to 30 hoops, at prices from 25 cts. to $2,00 at the cheap store of D. P. GWIN.

LADIES Collars, very cheap and beautiful, at D. P. GWIN'S.

A Splendid variety of Carpets, only 25 cts. per yard. FISHER & SON.

HARRISBURG STONE-WARE!!! Crocks, Jugs, Preserve Jars &c., &c., of superior quality. Sold only by JAMES A. BROWN

D. P. GWIN keeps the largest, best assortment and cheapest shoes in town. Call and examine them.

HOOPED SKIRTS worth 2 50 will be sold for $1 25 at the cheap store of FISHER & SON.

IF you want handsome Goods, good Goods, cheap Goods, and all kind of Goods, goto D. P. GWIN'S.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

BOOTS & SHOES, Hats & Caps, the largest assortment and cheapest to be found at D. P. GWIN'S

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

GUM SHOES, cheaper at D. P. Gwin's than can be had in town. Call and see them.

DARK Colored Palm Hoods, best quality, only 50 cts. each. FISHER & SON.

COAL OIL & COAL OIL LAMPS, for 75 cents and upwards, at the Hardware Store of J. A. BROWN.

MICA LAMP CHIMNEYS—Just received at the hardware store of J. & A. BROWN.

D. P. GWIN'S is the place to buy good and cheap Carpets.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK STORE.*

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS, For sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

LIQUORS, of the best, for Medicina purposes at S. S. SMITH'S

FRANKLIN HOUSE, *IN THE DIAMOND,* HUNTINGDON, PA.

VALENTINE CROUSE, Proprietor.

The citizens of the county, and strangers and travelers generally, will find comfortable accommodations at this house. Give us a trial. [April 4, 1860.]

EXCHANGE HOTEL, HUNTINGDON, PA.,

NEAR PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD DEPOT.

JOHN S. MILLER, Proprietor.

Huntingdon, April 16, 1861.

PISTOLS! PISTOLS!!

Colt's, Sharps', Smith & Wesson's, and all improved patterns of Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Bowie Knives, &c., &c., for sale at the Hardware Store of JAMES A. BROWN.

May 21, 1861. Huntingdon, Pa.

CONFECTIONERIES of the very best, at MILLER'S.

HOMES FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS IN THE

GARDEN STATE OF THE WEST.

The Illinois Central Railroad Company have for Sale

1,200,000 ACRES

Of Rich Farming Lands in Tracts of Forty Acres and Upward, on Long Credit and at Low Prices.

MECHANICS, FARMERS, AND WORKINGMEN,

The attention of the enterprising and industrious portion of the community is directed to the following statements and liberal inducements offered them by the

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY,

Which, as they will perceive, will enable them, by proper energy, perseverance, and industry, to provide comfortable and permanent homes for themselves and families, with, comparatively speaking, very little capital.

LAND OF ILLINOIS.

No State in the valley of the Mississippi offers so great an inducement to the settler as the State of Illinois.—There is no portion of the world where all of the conditions of climate and soil so admirably combine to produce those two great staples, corn and wheat, as the prairies of Illinois.

RICH ROLLING PRAIRIE LANDS.

The deep rich loam of the prairies is cultivated with such wonderful facility that the farmers of the Eastern and Middle States are moving to Illinois in great numbers. The area of Illinois is about equal to that of England, and the soil is so rich that it will support twenty millions of people.

EASTERN AND SOUTHERN MARKETS.

These lands are contiguous to a railroad seven hundred miles in length, which connects with other roads and navigable lakes and rivers, thus affording an unbroken communication with the Eastern and Southern markets.

APPLICATION OF CAPITAL.

Thus far capital and labor have been applied to develop ing the soil; the great resources of the State in coal and iron are almost untouched. The invariable rule that the mechanic arts flourish best where food and fuel are cheapest, will follow at an early day in Illinois, and in the course of the next ten years the natural laws and necessities of the case warrant the belief that at least five hundred thousand people will be engaged in the State of Illinois in the various manufacturing employments.

RAILROAD SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS.

Over $100,000,000 of private capital have been expended on the railroad system of Illinois. Inasmuch as part of the income from several of these works, with a valuable public fund in lands, go to diminish the State expenses, the taxes are light, and must consequently every day decrease.

THE STATE DEBT.

The State debt is only $10,105,398 14, and within the last three years has been reduced $2,059,746 80; and we WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the will become extinct.

PRESENT POPULATION.

The State is rapidly filling up with population; 863,026 persons having been added since 1850, making the population 1,749,496—a ratio of 102 per cent. in ten years.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

The agricultural products of Illinois are greater than those of any other State. The products sent out during the past year exceeded 1,000,000 tons. The wheat crop of 1860 approaches 25,000,000 bushels, while the corn crop yields not less than 140,000,000 bushels.

FERTILITY OF SOIL.

Nowhere can the industrious farmer secure such immediate results for his labor as upon these prairie soils, they being composed of a deep rich loam, the fertility of which is unsurpassed by any on the globe.

TO ACTUAL CULTIVATORS.

Since 1851 *the Company have sold* 3,500,000 *acres. They sell only to actual cultivators, and every contract contains an agreement to cultivate. The road has been constructed through these lands at an expense of* $30,000,000. *In* 1850, *the population of the* 49 *counties through which it passes was only* 235,598, *since which* 479,203 *have been added, making the whole population* 814,891—*a gain of* 143 *per cent.*

EVIDENCES OF PROSPERITY.

As an evidence of the thrift of the people, it may be stated that 600,000 tons of freight, including 7,600,000 bushels of grain and 220,000 barrels of flour, were forwarded over the line last year.

EDUCATION.

Mechanics and workingmen will find the free school system encouraged by the State and endowed with a large revenue for the support of schools. Their children can live in sight of the church and school house, and grow up with the prosperity of the leading state in the Great Western Empire.

PRICES AND TERMS OF PAYMENT.

The prices of these lands vary from $5 to $25 per acre, according to location, quality, &c. First-class farming lands sell for about $10 or $12 per acre; and the relative expense of subduing prairie, as compared with woodland, is in the ratio of one to ten in favor of the former. The terms of sale for the bulk of these lands will be

ONE YEAR'S INTEREST IN ADVANCE,

at six per cent per annum, and six interest notes at six per cent. payable respectively in one, two, three, four, five, and six years from date of sale; and four notes for principal, payable in four, five, six, and seven years, from date of sale; the contract stipulating that one-tenth of the land purchased shall be fenced and cultivated, each and every year for five years from the date of sale, so that at the end of five years one-half shall be fenced and under cultivation.

TWENTY PER CENT. WILL BE DEDUCTED

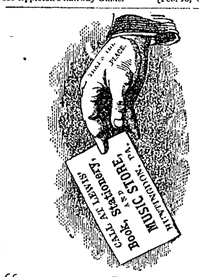
from the valuation, for cash, except the same should be at six dollars per acre, when the cash price will be $5 dollars.

Pamphlets descriptive of the lands, soil, climate, productions, prices, and terms of payment, can be had on application to J. W. FOSTER,

Land Commissioner, Illinois Central Railroad,

Chicago, Illinois.

For the names of the towns, villages, and cities situated upon the Illinois Central Railroad, see pages 188, 189, and 190 Appleton's Railway Guide. [Feb. 13, '61-tf.



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GREAT WORK ON THE HORSE.

THE HORSE & HIS DISEASES

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WILL TELL YOU Of Breeding, Breaking, Shoeing, Feeding, Grooming, Shoeing, and the general management of the horse, with the best modes of administering medicine, also, how to treat Biting, Kicking, Rearing, Shying, Stumbling, Cribbing, Restlessness, and other vices to which he is subject; with numerous explanatory engravings.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU Of the causes, symptoms, and Treatment of Strangles, Sore Throat, Distemper, Catarrh, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Pleurisy, Broken Wind, Chronic Cough, Roaring and Whistling, Lampas, Sore Mouth and Ulcers, and Decayed Teeth, with other diseases of the Mouth and Respiratory Organs.

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THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

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WILL TELL YOU Of Racey's Method of taming Horses; how to Approach, Halter, or Stable a Colt; how to accustom a horse to strange sounds and sights, and how to Bit, Saddle, Ride, and Break him to Harness; also the form and law of MARRIAGE. The whole being the result of 15 years' practical study of the habits, peculiarities, wants and weaknesses of this noble and useful animal.

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